

PINNER WOOD SCHOOL



YOUNG CARERS POLICY

Approval Authority

Effective From: September 2025

Date Ratified by GB:

Next Review Date: September 2026

Signed by Chair of GB:

PINNER WOOD SCHOOL YOUNG CARERS POLICY

Introduction:

At Pinner Wood School, we believe that all children and young people have the right to an education, regardless of what is happening at home. When a young person looks after someone in their family who has a serious illness, disability or substance misuse problem, he or she may need a little extra support to help him or her get the most out of school. Our Young Carers Policy says how we will help any pupil who helps to look after someone at home.

Support offered:

- A member of staff with special responsibility for young carers and lets all new pupils know who they are and what they can do to help.
- PSHE lesson on the challenges faced by young carers during year 6.
- Putting young carers in touch with the local Young Carers Service. We can also put families in touch with other support services.
- Is accessible to parents who have mobility and communication difficulties and involves them in parents' evenings.
- Respects everyone's right to privacy and will only share information about you and your family with people who need to know to help you.
- Will consider alternatives if a young carer is unable to attend out of school activities due to their caring role
- Allows young carers to telephone home during breaks and lunchtimes.
- Complies with the Disability Discrimination Act by offering disabled parents support to get their children into school.

UN Convention on the Rights of the Child Articles 28 and 29.

Children and young people have the right to the best available education and to opportunities to develop their personality, mental and physical ability to their fullest potential.

The Children Act 1989.

The Framework for Assessment of Children in Need and their Families, which gives guidance on S. 17 of the Act, has a section on young carers which states that effective support will require "good quality joint work between adult and children's social services as well as co-operation from schools and health workers . . . Young carers can receive help from both local and health authorities." See paragraphs 3.61-3.63.

DCSF Advice and guidance to Schools and Local Authorities on Managing Behaviour and Attendance: groups of pupils at particular risk (replaced Circular 10/99 Social Inclusion: Pupil Support):

- "Young carers should not be expected to carry inappropriate levels of caring which have an adverse impact on their development and life chances. However, there are children and young people who undertake

caring roles. Young carers of a sick or disabled relative at home may be late or absent from school because of their responsibilities. A study in one authority suggested there may be up to 30 young carers in a secondary school."

- "In a genuine crisis, a school can approve absence for a child to care for a relative until other arrangements can be made...."
- "Schools should consider designating a member of staff to have responsibility for young carers. They can also contribute to schemes that support them, working with local authorities and voluntary agencies."

Also, ***Effective Attendance Practice in Schools: An Overview*** of attendance guidance states that schools should have "support systems in place for vulnerable groups which provide" among other things, signposting and access to external support for parents and pupils" and "training for staff on specific needs of pupils e.g. young carers".

The National Carers Strategy (1999)

Chapter 8 of this Government strategy states that "schools need to be sensitive to the individual problems faced by young carers" and that "The Government will draw schools' attention to effective practice in meeting the needs of pupils who are young carers, for example, through link arrangements with young carers' services. . . . Schools might find it helpful to have one member of staff to act as a link between young carers, the education welfare service, social services and young carers' services." It suggests that there may be 30 young carers in every school.

Carers (Recognition and Services) Act 1995; Carers and Disabled Children Act 2001; Carers (Equal Opportunities) Act 2004

Between them these Acts give young carers varying rights to an assessment of their needs, which must take into account their right to an education. See the SCIE practice guide to the Carers (Equal Opportunities) Act 2004: www.scie.org.uk, commissioned by the Department of Health.

The Children's Society Young Carer's Initiative is funded by DCSF to develop Key Principles of Practice in supporting young carers and their families. Key Principle 4 states: *Young carers will have the same access to education and career choices as their peers:*

Standard: Schools and colleges take responsibility to identify young carers at an early stage and ensure that they have the same access to a full education and career choices as their peers.